## LESSON <br> 88

$\qquad$
Date $\qquad$ Period

## Purpose

To examine reactions between acids and bases.

## Safety Instructions

Acids and bases are corrosive. Do not get any on skin or near eyes. In case of a spill, rinse with large amounts of water. Wear safety goggles.

## Materials

- well plate
- set of five labeled dropper bottles: 0.10 M HCl ,
- toothpicks (6)
- waste container $0.10 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{HNO}_{3}, 0.10 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{NaOH}, 0.10 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{OH}$, and bromothymol blue indicator


## Procedure

I. Add 20 drops of 0.10 M NaOH to well 1 in the well plate.
2. Add 20 drops of $0.10 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{HNO}_{3}$ to wells 2 and 5 in the well plate.
3. Add 20 drops of $0.10 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{OH}$ to wells 3 and 6 in the well plate.
4. Add 20 drops of 0.10 M HCl to well 4 in the well plate.
5. Add 1 drop of bromothymol blue indicator to each well plate. Bromothymol blue is yellow in acid, blue in base, and green in neutral solution.
6. Test with HCl : Try to turn the solutions in wells 1,2 , and 3 green using 0.10 M HCl . Record how many drops are needed. To do this, add HCl drop by drop and stir with a toothpick. Discard your toothpicks in the waste container after use.

Reactions With HCI

| Solution in <br> the well plate | Indicator <br> color | Acid, <br> base, or <br> neutral? | Drops of 0.10 M <br> HCl to turn <br> solution green | Indicator <br> color after <br> mixing | Acid, <br> base, or <br> neutral? | Does a <br> reaction <br> occur? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 drops <br> 0.10 M NaOH |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 drops <br> $0.10 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{HNO}_{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 drops <br> $0.10 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{OH}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

7. Test with NaOH : Try to turn the solutions in wells 4,5 , and 6 green using 0.10 M NaOH . Add NaOH drop by drop and stir with a toothpick. Discard used toothpicks in the waste container.

## Reactions With $\mathbf{N a O H}$

| Solution in <br> the well plate | Indicator <br> color | Acid, <br> base, or <br> neutral? | Drops of 0.10 M <br> NaOH to turn <br> solution green | Indicator <br> color after <br> mixing | Acid, <br> base, or <br> neutral? | Does a <br> reaction <br> occur? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 drops <br> 0.10 M HCl |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 drops <br> $0.10 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{HNO}_{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 drops $^{2}$ <br> $0.10 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{OH}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Questions

I. Which of the compounds in the tables are acids? Which are bases?
2. What did you observe when you mixed an acid with a base?
3. Acids react with bases to form an ionic salt and water. Label the acid, base, and ionic salt in this chemical equation:

$$
\mathrm{HCl}(a q)+\mathrm{NaOH}(a q) \longrightarrow \mathrm{NaCl}(a q)+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(l)
$$

4. Complete and balance the equations below for the reactions in the well plate. If no reaction occurred, simply write "no reaction" on the products side of the equation.

## Reactions With $\mathbf{H C l}$

Well 1: $\mathrm{NaOH}(a q)+\mathrm{HCl}(a q) \longrightarrow$
Well 2: $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}(a q)+\mathrm{HCl}(a q) \longrightarrow$
Well 3: $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{OH}(a q)+\mathrm{HCl}(a q) \longrightarrow$

## Reactions With $\mathbf{N a O H}$

Well 4: $\mathrm{HCl}(a q)+\mathrm{NaOH}(a q) \longrightarrow$
Well 5: $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}(a q)+\mathrm{NaOH}(a q) \longrightarrow$
Well 6: $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{OH}(a q)+\mathrm{NaOH}(a q) \longrightarrow$
5. Making Sense List three things you learned about acids and bases as a result of performing this laboratory procedure.
6. If You Finish Early Write a balanced equation for this acid-base reaction: nitric acid, $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}$, reacts with calcium hydroxide, $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$.

